

## Lower Trapezius Transfer Rehabilitation Protocol

Phase	Goals	Precautions / Restrictions	Treatment
<b>Weeks 0 – 6</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Protect surgical site and repair</li> <li>Decrease pain and inflammation</li> <li>PRICE principles</li> <li>No shoulder range of motion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NO SHOULDER MOTION or lifting of any object on surgical side</li> <li>No lifting greater than 5 lbs. or pushing / pulling greater than 20 lbs. on uninvolved side</li> <li>No excessive bilateral arm motions</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AAROM to AROM of elbow, wrist and hand with arm in plane of body</li> <li>Core activation with immobilizer ON</li> <li>Week 2 – 3: initiate stationary bike w/o handle bars</li> <li>Cryotherapy: 5 - 7 times per day</li> <li>Initial visit: FOTO PRO, QuickDASH</li> </ul>
<b>Weeks 6 – 8</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintain integrity of repair</li> <li>Initiate <b>FE + ER</b> shoulder ROM <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NO INTERNAL ROTATION</li> </ul> </li> <li>Minimize muscle atrophy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May discontinue immobilizer and wean as able over next 1 - 2 weeks</li> <li>NO INTERNAL ROTATION</li> <li>No WB on the involved shoulder</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shoulder arm hang exercises</li> <li>Shoulder shrugs + Scapular setting exercises</li> <li>Shoulder Passive Range of Motion in <b>FE + ER</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NO INTERNAL ROTATION or cross body adduction</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Weeks 8 – 12</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emphasize ROM + ADLs w/ the affected arm at the side</li> <li>Retrain transferred tendon and scapulohumeral rhythm</li> <li>Focus on external rotation with biofeedback</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NO INTERNAL ROTATION, adduction, or extension stretching</li> <li>No active reaching w/ affected arm</li> <li>No lifting, carrying, or weight bearing with operative shoulder.</li> <li>No pulleys or forced motion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Slowly advance from Passive → Active assisted → Active ROM in FE and ER <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supine → Side lying → Upright as appropriate</li> </ul> </li> <li>Biofeedback for lower trapezius – retraining adduction and ER (progress from isometric to active exercises)</li> </ul>
<b>Weeks 12 – 16</b>  <b>(Months 3 – 4)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintain and enhance optimal AAROM / AROM</li> <li>Regain muscle strength and shoulder stability</li> <li>Scapular setting progressed to Scapular Isometrics</li> <li>If <u>Biceps tenodesis</u> may initiate flexion strengthening</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No forced stretching in all planes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May initiate gentle IR stretch</li> </ul> </li> <li>Return to most ADLs with a 10 lb. lifting restriction</li> <li>Initiate light strengthening with bands at <u>week 14 (NO EARLIER)</u></li> <li>Pool therapy for ROM Only but NO SWIMMING</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Gentle terminal stretching as indicated in all planes</li> <li>Isometric strengthening of the affected shoulder → Progress to Isotonic as pain allows <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supine → Side lying → Upright as appropriate</li> <li>Railing slides, Cane assisted / Towel Scapation</li> <li>Biceps, Triceps, General UE, Core, Hip permitted</li> </ul> </li> <li>Initiate Rhythmic stabilization + Scapular control</li> <li>Use pulleys, wall stretch, pool, biofeedback PRN</li> </ul>
<b>Weeks 16 – 24</b>  <b>(Months 4 – 6)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Restoration of shoulder strength, endurance, and power</li> <li>Optimize retraining and neuromuscular Control</li> <li>Full AROM w/o deltoid hike</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Introduction of light recreational activities while AVOIDING high effect, heavy lifting, and repetitive activities with <u>20 lb. restriction</u></li> <li>Avoid cross body activities (Combined IR + adduction activities)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Develop full Active Range of Motion</li> <li>Progress from isotonic exercise to eccentric and resistive exercise per tolerance in all planes, including multiplane exercises as long as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Isotonics are progressing</li> <li>No compensations during exercise performance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Weeks 24 +</b>  <b>(Months 6+)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advance shoulder strengthening and proprioception</li> <li>Maximize retraining and neuromuscular control</li> <li>Initiate higher-level activities and return to sport progression</li> <li>Pool therapy for ROM exercises and progression towards swimming, focusing on breaststroke.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Limit strengthening to 3 x per week with appropriate work rest intervals to avoid rotator cuff tendinitis</li> <li>Assess tolerance to activity during, after and at 24 hours after activity</li> <li>No progression to home therapy or advanced sports until: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plateaued AROM w/ appropriate scapulohumeral rhythm</li> <li>80% strength vs. uninvolved side</li> <li>&gt; 50% functional improvement</li> <li>Satisfactory clinical exam by MD</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Focus on form and control during exercise performance with progression to weights <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Low weights and high reps</li> <li>Focus on proximal muscle control and endurance</li> </ul> </li> <li>Proprioceptive training including closed chain activities</li> <li>Continue with Anaerobic + Aerobic interval training</li> <li>Continue with core and hip stability per tolerance</li> <li>Plyometric activities progressing from simple to complex, less load to more load</li> <li>Week 24: QuickDASH, FOTO, HHD / Isokinetics</li> <li>1 year follow-up: HHD Testing</li> </ul>

This protocol is not meant to be prescriptive but a recommendation to guide the rehabilitation process.

Each patient's progress may vary based on specifics of their injury and procedure.

